

KURZPROTOKOLL **EWOG-SAA**

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| Öffentlicher Titel | Charakterisierung der schweren aplastischen Anämie (SAA) bei Kindern und Jugendlichen |
| Wissenschaftl. Titel | Genetische und immunologische Charakterisierung der schweren aplastischen Anämie (SAA) bei Kindern und Jugendlichen |
| Kurztitel | EWOG-SAA |
| Studienart | multizentrisch, prospektiv, offen/unverblindet, zweiarmig, Investigator Initiated Trial (IIT) |
| Studienphase | Phase III/IV |
| Erkrankung | Kinder: Blutbildungs- und Blutabbaustörungen |
| Ziele | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- To measure telomere length- To explore the presence and frequency of PNH clones- To detect T cell oligoclonality in BM derived T lymphocytes- To study the frequency of clinically manifest EBV-related lymphoproliferation- To detect specific genomic lesions/ genotypes by whole genome SNP-arrays in selected patients and thus to early identify patients at high risk for clonal evolution- To analyze the epidemiology of SAA in children and adolescents- To investigate the association of immunophenotypic subclones with oligoclonal T cell expansion in SAA- To assess the PBMC activation status and capacity of in vitro cellular response to ATG- To compare hematologic response and clinical outcome following IST with immunological and genetic parameters (genomic lesions, telomere length, presence of PNH clones, T-cell oligoclonality, in vitro cellular response to ATG) |
| Alter | 6 Monate bis 17 Jahre |
| Sponsor | Universitätsklinikum Freiburg (Hauptsponsor) |
| Förderer | Universitätsklinikum Freiburg |
| Links | zu den Ein- und Ausschlusskriterien |