

## **KURZPROTOKOLL EU-RHAB**

<b>Öffentlicher Titel</b>	Internationales Register für rhabdoide Tumoren jeder Lokalisation
<b>Wissenschaftl. Titel</b>	EUROPEAN RHABDOID REGISTRY A multinational registry for rhabdoid tumors of any anatomical site
<b>Kurztitel</b>	EU-RHAB
<b>Studienart</b>	multizentrisch, prospektiv, Therapiestudie, offen/unverblindet, Register, nicht-interventionelle Studie, Investigator Initiated Trial (IIT), mehrarmig
<b>Studienphase</b>	nicht zutreffend
<b>Erkrankung</b>	Kinder: andere Tumorerkrankungen: sonstige Studien
<b>Ziele</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Creation of a comprehensive database for patients with rhabdoid tumors of any anatomical site diagnosed in European countries.</li><li>- Development of a structured plan for central review of histology (including SMARCB1 immunohistochemistry) and molecular genetics. To improve (neuro-) pathological, clinical and molecular genetic characterization of rhabdoid tumors.</li><li>- To render support to existing tumor banks and to perform biological studies, to identify future therapeutic targets.</li><li>- To cooperate with: Groups specialized in pediatric Soft Tissue Sarcoma (e.g. CWS, EPSSG) and Nephroblastoma, in studying similarities between extra- (RTK and MRT) and intra-CNS (AT/RT) rhabdoid tumors and in defining common treatment elements used in AT/RT and extra-CNS rhabdoid tumours. To communicate with groups in the USA and Australia, to define points of reciprocal interest and potential for cooperation.</li><li>- To determine event free and overall survival of patients.</li><li>- To evaluate the time to progression in patients with rhabdoid tumors treated on a consensus therapeutic regimen.</li><li>- To assess the importance of surgical technique, particularly the effect of complete surgical resection.</li><li>- To assess the importance of involved field radiotherapy.</li></ul>
<b>Einschlusskriterien</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Patients of any age with histologically proven rhabdoid tumors, verified by central pathology review</li><li>- In general absence of nuclear SMARCB1 staining should have been demonstrated. However, as rhabdoid tumor cases without SMARCB1 mutations have been published, reference pathology may suggest inclusion of tumors with positive SMARCB1 staining, but unequivocal diagnostic criteria for histopathologic diagnosis of a rhabdoid tumor.</li><li>- Patients that have been pretreated under the suspicion of a renal tumor (RTK), malignant tumor of the brain (e.g. glioblastoma, sPNET or medulloblastoma) (AT/RT) or soft tissue tumor (MRT)</li><li>- Informed consent of the legal guardians concerning data and tumor material transfer</li></ul>
<b>Ausschlusskriterien</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Diagnoses other than rhabdoid tumors</li><li>- Missing consent of the legal guardians.</li></ul>
<b>Alter</b>	Keine Altersbegrenzung
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**KURZPROTOKOLL**  
**EU-RHAB**

**Förderer**

Deutsche Kinderkrebsstiftung